

## Math 481: Homework 2

Due Wednesday, February 12, 2020

- Propose a smooth atlas for the set  $S^1 \times S^1$ .
  - Verify that one of the charts of your atlas satisfies the definition of a chart.
  - Verify that two of your charts with intersecting domains are compatible.
- Use the following hints to prove that for  $U \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  open, the map  $\mathcal{C} : \mathbb{R}_x^n \rightarrow T_x U$ ,  $v \mapsto D_v$  is a bijection, where

$$D_v(f) = \left. \frac{d}{dt} \right|_{t=0} f(x + tv) = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial f}{\partial x^i}(x) v^i.$$

- Show that  $\mathcal{C}$  is a linear map.
- Show that  $\mathcal{C}(v) = 0$  (that is,  $D_v(f) = 0$  for all  $f \in C^\infty(M)$ ) implies that  $v = 0 \in \mathbb{R}_x^n$ .
- Show that  $\mathcal{C}$  is onto. That is, show that for any given  $L \in T_x U$ , there exists  $v$  such that  $D_v = L$ . To do this, consider the functions  $x^i : U \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ . Set  $v^i = L(x^i)$ , and  $v = (v^1, \dots, v^n)$ . Prove that  $L = D_v$ .

*Further hints:* Taylor's theorem implies that for  $y$  near  $x$ ,

$$f(y) = f(x) + \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial f}{\partial x^i}(x) (y^i - x^i) + \sum_{i=1}^n g_i(y) (y^i - x^i)$$

for some functions  $g_i$  such that  $g_i(x) = 0$ . (In this equation, it is helpful to view  $x$  as constant and  $y$  as variable.) Use the fact that  $L$  is linear and satisfies the Leibniz rule at  $x$  together with the formula above to prove  $L(f) = D_v(f)$ .

- Consider the map

$$\begin{aligned} F : \mathbb{R}^3 \times \mathbb{R}^3 &\rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3 \\ (u, v) &\mapsto u \times v \end{aligned}$$

where  $u \times v$  is the vector cross product. Compute a matrix representative of  $F_*$ .