NAME:

NetID:

MATH 285 G1 Exam 1 (C)

February 17, 2016

Instructor: Pascaleff

INSTRUCTIONS:

• Do all work on these sheets.

- Show all work.
- No notes, books, calculators, or other electronic devices are permitted.

| Problem | Possible | Actual |
|---------|----------|--------|
| 1 | 20 | |
| 2 | 20 | |
| 3 | 20 | |
| 4 | 20 | |
| 5 | 20 | |
| Total | 100 | |

1. (20 points) Consider the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (x+3)y$$

(a) (10 points) Draw a slope field for this equation.

(b) (10 points) Given the initial condition y(1) = 1, use Euler's method with two steps to approximate y(1.2).

2. (20 points) Let y(x) be a solution of the initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + y^2, \quad y(0) = 1$$

Starting from $y_0(x) = 1$, compute the first and second Picard approximations $y_1(x)$ and $y_2(x)$, and use $y_2(x)$ to estimate y(0.1).

3. (20 points) Find the general solution of

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{5x} - 2y$$

4. (20 points) Let P(t) be denote a population of fish in a lake. This population is governed by the differential equation

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = P(300 - P) - 500$$

(a) (10 points) Find the equilibrium solutions, and determine whether each is stable or unstable.

(b) (10 points) Draw a qualitative plot of the solutions of this differential equation.

5. (20 points) A metal ball has been heated to $400^{\circ}C$. It is placed into a bath of water at $30^{\circ}C$. After 5 seconds, it has cooled to a temperature of $200^{\circ}C$.

Suppose now that the metal ball is cooled to $0^{\circ}C$, and again placed into a bath of water at $30^{\circ}C$. How long will it take to reach a temperature of $20^{\circ}C$? Your answer does not need to be simplified.

In both situations, the process is governed by Newton's law of cooling:

$$\frac{dT}{dt} = -k(T-A)$$

where A is the temperature of the water, and k is a constant.

This page is for work that doesn't fit on the other pages.